

Xiamen Yan Palace Bird's Nest Industry Co., Ltd.

Articles of Association

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1. $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 3x + 4$

2. $\frac{1}{3}x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x - 7$

3. $\frac{1}{4}x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 1$

4. $\frac{1}{5}x^5 - 4x^4 + 3x^3$

5. $\frac{1}{6}x^6 - 5x^5 + 4x^4 - 3x^3$

6. $\frac{1}{7}x^7 - 6x^6 + 5x^5$

Chapter 1 General Rules

Article 1

Company Law of the People's Republic of China
Securities Law of the People's Republic of China
Trial Administrative Measures of Overseas Securities Offering and Listing by Domestic Companies *Guidelines for the Articles of Association of Listed Companies*
Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Article 2

Article 3

Article 4

廈門燕之屋燕窩產業股份有限公司

Article 5

Article 6

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Chapter 2 Business Objective and Scope of Business

Article 13

Article 14

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Chapter 3 Shares

Section 1 Issuance of Shares

Article 15

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Article 16

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Article 17

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Section 2 Increase, Reduction and Repurchase of Shares

Article 23

1. The Board of Directors may, at any time, increase the authorized number of shares of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

2. The Board of Directors may, at any time, reduce the authorized number of shares of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

3. The Board of Directors may, at any time, repurchase the shares of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

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7. The Board of Directors may, at any time, repurchase the shares of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Article 24

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Article 25

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7. The Board of Directors may, at any time, repurchase the shares of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

8. The Board of Directors may, at any time, repurchase the shares of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Article 36

1. The State shall ensure that the following are provided to all citizens:

(a) free and compulsory education for all children up to the age of 14 years;

(b) free medical care and treatment for all citizens; and

(c) free and compulsory education for all children up to the age of 14 years.

2. The State shall ensure that the following are provided to all citizens:

(a) free and compulsory education for all children up to the age of 14 years; and

(b) free medical care and treatment for all citizens.

3. The State shall ensure that the following are provided to all citizens:

(a) free and compulsory education for all children up to the age of 14 years;

(b) free medical care and treatment for all citizens; and

(c) free and compulsory education for all children up to the age of 14 years.

4. The State shall ensure that the following are provided to all citizens:

Article 37

1. The State shall ensure that the following are provided to all citizens:

Article 38

1. The State shall ensure that the following are provided to all citizens:

Article 41

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the scheduled employments. The State shall also ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

2. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

3. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

4. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

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7. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

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9. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

10. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages prescribed under the Minimum Wages Act, 1948, are paid to the workers in the unorganised sector of the economy.

Article 44

Article 45

Article 46

Section 2 General Provisions for General Meetings

Article 47

Article 48 *La Cour nationale de justice est composée de dix membres élus par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Elle est renouvelée par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 49 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 49 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 50 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 50 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 51 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 52 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 53 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 54 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 55 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 56 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 51 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 57 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 58 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

Article 59 *Le Président de la Cour nationale de justice est élu par le Parlement pour une durée de six ans. Il est renouvelé par moitié tous les trois ans.*

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Article 55 ...
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Article 56 ...
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Article 61

1. The Commission shall be composed of the following members:

(a) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council;

(b) the President of the Council, who shall be elected by the Council; and

(c) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council.

2. The Commission shall be composed of the following members:

(a) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council;

(b) the President of the Council, who shall be elected by the Council; and

(c) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council.

3. The Commission shall be composed of the following members:

Article 62

1. The Commission shall be composed of the following members:

(a) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council;

(b) the President of the Council, who shall be elected by the Council; and

(c) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council.

2. The Commission shall be composed of the following members:

(a) the President of the Commission, who shall be elected by the Council;

(b) the President of the Council, who shall be elected by the Council; and

Article 63

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Section 5 Holding of General Meetings

Article 64

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Article 65

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Article 66

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Article 67

1. The Commission shall be composed of a President and seven Members, who shall be chosen from among persons of high moral standing and recognized competence in the field of human rights, and who shall be independent and impartial. The Commission shall be elected by the General Assembly of the Organization of American States for a period of two years, and shall be eligible for re-election for one additional term. The Commission shall meet in regular sessions and in special sessions. The Commission shall also hold public hearings and may hold private hearings. The Commission shall have the right to request the States Parties to submit reports on the human rights situation in their countries, and to request the States Parties to provide information on the measures they have taken to address the Commission's findings.

2. The Commission shall have the right to request the States Parties to submit reports on the human rights situation in their countries, and to request the States Parties to provide information on the measures they have taken to address the Commission's findings.

3. The Commission shall have the right to request the States Parties to submit reports on the human rights situation in their countries, and to request the States Parties to provide information on the measures they have taken to address the Commission's findings.

4. The Commission shall have the right to request the States Parties to submit reports on the human rights situation in their countries, and to request the States Parties to provide information on the measures they have taken to address the Commission's findings.

Article 69

The Commission shall be composed of members appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Commission is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community. The Council shall also ensure that the Commission is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

Article 70

The Commission shall be assisted by a Secretary-General. The Secretary-General shall be appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Secretary-General is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

Article 71

The Commission shall be assisted by a Director-General. The Director-General shall be appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Director-General is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

Article 72

The Commission shall be assisted by a Deputy Director-General. The Deputy Director-General shall be appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Deputy Director-General is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

The Commission shall be assisted by a Deputy Secretary-General. The Deputy Secretary-General shall be appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Deputy Secretary-General is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

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Article 73

The Commission shall be assisted by a Deputy Director-General. The Deputy Director-General shall be appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Deputy Director-General is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

Article 74

The Commission shall be assisted by a Deputy Secretary-General. The Deputy Secretary-General shall be appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Council shall ensure that the Deputy Secretary-General is representative of the various political groups in the Council and of the various regions of the Community.

Article 75

1. The Council shall be composed of representatives of the governments of the Member States, who shall be appointed by their respective governments for a period of five years. The Council shall meet in Brussels.

Article 76

1. The Council shall be assisted by a General Secretariat, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

Article 77

1. The Council shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

2. The Secretariat-General shall be composed of representatives of the Member States.

3. The Secretariat-General shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General.

4. The Secretariat-General shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

5. The Secretariat-General shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

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9. The Secretariat-General shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

Article 78

1. The Council shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

Article 79

1. The Council shall be assisted by a Secretariat-General, which shall be headed by a Secretary-General appointed by the Council for a period of five years. The Secretary-General shall be responsible to the Council.

Section 6 Voting and Resolutions of General Meetings

Article 80

At any general meeting, the Chairman shall preside and shall have the right to direct the meeting to adjourn from time to time and from place to place, and to suspend the business of the meeting for such periods as he may think fit, and to regulate the order of business and to take such other measures as he may think fit for the proper conduct of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman shall have the right to suspend or to exclude any member who is guilty of any disorderly conduct, and to refuse admission to any person who is not a member of the company.

At any general meeting, the Chairman shall have the right to adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, and to suspend the business of the meeting for such periods as he may think fit, and to regulate the order of business and to take such other measures as he may think fit for the proper conduct of the meeting.

At any general meeting, the Chairman shall have the right to suspend or to exclude any member who is guilty of any disorderly conduct, and to refuse admission to any person who is not a member of the company.

Article 81

At any general meeting, the Chairman shall have the right to suspend or to exclude any member who is guilty of any disorderly conduct, and to refuse admission to any person who is not a member of the company.

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Article 82

At any general meeting, the Chairman shall have the right to suspend or to exclude any member who is guilty of any disorderly conduct, and to refuse admission to any person who is not a member of the company.

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Article 83

The first paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The second paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The third paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The fourth paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The fifth paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The sixth paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The seventh paragraph of Article 83 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

Article 84

1. The Commission shall be composed of a President and seven Members, who shall be chosen from among persons of high moral standing and recognized competence in the field of law, who shall be nationals of different Member States.

2. The President and the Members shall be elected by the Council, acting in a special legislative procedure with the consent of the Parliament, for a period of five years. They shall be eligible for re-election.

Article 85

1. The Commission shall be assisted by an Economic and Financial Committee, which shall be composed of representatives of the governments of the Member States, and of the Commission, and of representatives of the central banks of the Member States.

Article 86

1. The Commission shall be assisted by a Committee of Independent Experts, which shall be composed of persons of high moral standing and recognized competence in the field of law, who shall be nationals of different Member States.

2. The Committee of Independent Experts shall be assisted by a Committee of Experts, which shall be composed of persons of high moral standing and recognized competence in the field of law, who shall be nationals of different Member States.

3. The Committee of Independent Experts shall be assisted by a Committee of Experts, which shall be composed of persons of high moral standing and recognized competence in the field of law, who shall be nationals of different Member States.

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6. The Committee of Independent Experts shall be assisted by a Committee of Experts, which shall be composed of persons of high moral standing and recognized competence in the field of law, who shall be nationals of different Member States.

Article 87

Article 88

Article 89

Article 90

Article 91

Article 92

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

2. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

Article 93

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

2. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

Article 94

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

Article 95

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Article 96

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Article 97

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

Article 98

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for all workers are fixed by law and that the minimum wages are not less than the minimum wages fixed by the Government of India.

Chapter 5 Board of Directors

Section 1 Directors

Article 99

Section 99.01. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to:

(a) determine the number of directors;

(b) elect and remove directors; and

(c) determine the powers and duties of the directors.

Section 99.02. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to:

Article 100

The first paragraph of Article 100 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The second paragraph of Article 100 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

Article 101

The first paragraph of Article 101 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The second paragraph of Article 101 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The third paragraph of Article 101 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The fourth paragraph of Article 101 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

Article 102

The first paragraph of Article 102 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The second paragraph of Article 102 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

The third paragraph of Article 102 of the Constitution of the Republic of Poland states that the President of the Republic is elected by the citizens of the Republic of Poland in a direct, secret ballot. The President of the Republic is elected for a five-year term and may be re-elected only once.

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Article 103

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Article 104

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Article 105

The text of Article 105 is extremely faint and largely illegible. It appears to contain several lines of text, possibly describing a specific provision or rule.

Article 106

The text of Article 106 is extremely faint and largely illegible. It appears to contain several lines of text, possibly describing a specific provision or rule.

Article 114

Article 115

Article 116

Article 117

Article 118

Article 119

1. The State shall protect the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper care and attention. It shall also protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention.

Article 120

1. The State shall protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention. It shall also protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention.

Article 121

1. The State shall protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention. It shall also protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention.

Article 122

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Article 123

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Article 124

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Article 125

1. The State shall protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention. It shall also protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention.

2. The State shall protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention. It shall also protect the health of the mother and child and ensure that they receive proper medical attention.

Article 126

Article 127

Article 128

Article 129

Article 130

Chapter 6 General Manager and Other Senior Management

Article 131

1. The General Manager shall be appointed by the Board of Directors for a term of not more than three (3) years.

2. The General Manager shall be eligible for re-appointment by the Board of Directors for a term of not more than three (3) years.

3. The General Manager shall be responsible for the overall management and operation of the Company and shall report to the Board of Directors on a regular basis.

Article 132

1. The General Manager shall have the authority to represent the Company in all matters relating to its business and to execute all contracts and agreements on behalf of the Company.

2. The General Manager shall have the authority to appoint and dismiss all other officers and employees of the Company.

Article 133

1. The General Manager shall be entitled to a salary and other benefits as determined by the Board of Directors.

2. The General Manager shall be entitled to a bonus or other incentive payment as determined by the Board of Directors.

Article 134

1. The General Manager shall be liable for any loss or damage to the Company caused by his or her negligence or willful misconduct.

Article 135

1. The General Manager shall be entitled to a pension or other retirement benefits as determined by the Board of Directors.

2. The General Manager shall be entitled to a gratuity or other termination benefit as determined by the Board of Directors.

3. The General Manager shall be entitled to a severance payment as determined by the Board of Directors.

4. The General Manager shall be entitled to a notice of termination as determined by the Board of Directors.

5. The General Manager shall be entitled to a period of notice as determined by the Board of Directors.

6. The General Manager shall be entitled to a period of notice as determined by the Board of Directors.

7. The General Manager shall be entitled to a period of notice as determined by the Board of Directors.

Article 136

Article 137

Article 142

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

2. The Commission shall report to the Council and the Parliament on the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 143

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 144

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 145

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Article 146

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 147

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Article 148

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 149

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 150

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the implementation of this Regulation.

Article 154

1. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to borrow money on behalf of the Corporation and to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

2. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

3. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 155

1. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

2. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

3. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

4. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

5. The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 156

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 157

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 158

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 159

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Chapter 8 Financial and Accounting System, Profit Distribution and Audit

Section 1 Financial and Accounting System

Article 160

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 161

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to execute any instrument necessary to carry out such authority.

Article 162

1. The State shall have the right to expropriate or nationalize land and other natural resources, as well as other forms of property, for reasons of public utility, interest or national security, and, in such cases, shall guarantee a fair and just compensation to be determined by law or by the courts. The State shall also have the right to participate in the management of the land and other natural resources.

2. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

Article 163

1. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

Article 164

1. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

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6. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

Article 165

1. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

2. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

3. The State shall have the right to regulate the use of the land and other natural resources, and to control the use of the land and other natural resources in order to protect the environment and the interests of the community.

Article 166

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to determine the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and other officers of the Corporation, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Article 167

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to determine the compensation of the members of the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Article 168

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to determine the compensation of the members of the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Section 2 Internal Audit

Article 169

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to determine the compensation of the members of the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Article 170

The Board of Directors shall have the authority to determine the compensation of the members of the Board of Directors, subject to the approval of the shareholders.

Article 178

1. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply it with such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to carry out such investigations as it may deem necessary for the purposes of this Regulation. The Commission shall also have the right to request the Member States to suspend or to limit the application of the provisions of this Regulation in certain areas or in certain circumstances. The Commission shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the purposes of this Regulation.

2. The Commission shall have the right to request the Member States to supply it with such information as it may require for the purposes of this Regulation. It shall also have the right to request the Member States to carry out such investigations as it may deem necessary for the purposes of this Regulation. The Commission shall also have the right to request the Member States to suspend or to limit the application of the provisions of this Regulation in certain areas or in certain circumstances. The Commission shall also have the right to request the Member States to take such measures as it may deem necessary for the purposes of this Regulation.

Article 179

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Article 185

[The text of Article 185 is extremely faint and illegible in this scan.]

Article 191

Article 192

Article 193

Section 2 Dissolution and Liquidation

Article 194

Article 195

1. The State shall ensure that the minimum wages for workers in the unorganised sector are fixed by the Government of India in consultation with the States and the Union Territories. The Government of India shall also ensure that the minimum wages for workers in the unorganised sector are fixed by the Government of India in consultation with the States and the Union Territories.

2. The Government of India shall ensure that the minimum wages for workers in the unorganised sector are fixed by the Government of India in consultation with the States and the Union Territories.

Article 200

Article 200 text describing the process of amending the articles of association, including the requirement for a special resolution and the role of the directors.

Article 201

Article 201 text describing the powers of the directors to call and conduct general meetings of the company.

Article 202

Article 202 text describing the powers of the directors to borrow money on behalf of the company and to create charges.

Article 202 text describing the powers of the directors to manage the business and affairs of the company.

Article 203

Article 203 text describing the powers of the directors to appoint and remove directors and officers of the company.

Article 204

Article 204 text describing the powers of the directors to appoint and remove auditors of the company.

Article 204 text describing the powers of the directors to manage the company's assets and investments.

Article 204 text describing the powers of the directors to manage the company's financial affairs and to issue shares.

Article 205

Article 205 text describing the powers of the directors to manage the company's legal affairs and to sue or be sued.

Chapter 11 Amendment to the Articles of Association

Article 206

Article 206 text describing the process of amending the articles of association, including the requirement for a special resolution.

Article 206 text describing the powers of the directors to call and conduct general meetings of the company.

Article 206 text describing the powers of the directors to borrow money on behalf of the company.

Article 206 text describing the powers of the directors to manage the business and affairs of the company.

